



22142805



International Baccalaureate®
Baccalauréat International
Bachillerato Internacional

ENGLISH AB INITIO – STANDARD LEVEL – PAPER 1
ANGLAIS AB INITIO – NIVEAU MOYEN – ÉPREUVE 1
INGLÉS AB INITIO – NIVEL MEDIO – PRUEBA 1

Tuesday 6 May 2014 (afternoon)

Mardi 6 mai 2014 (après-midi)

Martes 6 de mayo de 2014 (tarde)

1 h 30 m

TEXT BOOKLET – INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this booklet until instructed to do so.
- This booklet contains all of the texts required for paper 1.
- Answer the questions in the question and answer booklet provided.

LIVRET DE TEXTES – INSTRUCTIONS DESTINÉES AUX CANDIDATS

- N'ouvrez pas ce livret avant d'y être autorisé(e).
- Ce livret contient tous les textes nécessaires à l'épreuve 1.
- Répondez à toutes les questions dans le livret de questions et réponses fourni.

CUADERNO DE TEXTOS – INSTRUCCIONES PARA LOS ALUMNOS

- No abra este cuaderno hasta que se lo autoricen.
- Este cuaderno contiene todos los textos para la prueba 1.
- Conteste todas las preguntas en el cuaderno de preguntas y respuestas.

Blank page
Page vierge
Página en blanco

TEXT A

Explore The New Forest!

Part 1

There is something for the whole family in the New Forest. Nicky Cox and family went to visit.

The New Forest is an area of southern England which has large, open fields, wild areas and forests. Horses and cows move freely in the New Forest and this helps to keep the environment as it was in the past. If you're hoping to relax, explore or just enjoy yourself, the New Forest is the ideal place to be.



The New Forest is also a great place to visit. There are dozens of events organised during the year to help you get close to nature. There is also much to do in the area. You can visit historic villages or you can visit the village where people used to build the huge sailing boats of the past. There is also a New Forest Visitor Centre which is an ideal place to begin your visit.

Part 2

The best way to discover the secrets of the New Forest and to experience the sights, smells and sounds of the forest is to get out there and explore. You have to leave the car behind and explore on foot, bicycle or horseback. We went for a winter break and stayed at the Balmer Lawn Hotel in Brockenhurst. It was an ideal location to explore the New Forest on bikes. It was already quite dark when we first got on our bikes, but in the forest we saw a variety of wildlife: ponies, deer and bats. Coming back to the hotel's swimming pool, jacuzzi and a steaming pot of hot chocolate was very welcome!

On our second morning, we were back on our bikes again. After an eight-mile ride we had the most amazing lunch at Monty's, a brilliant bistro with, definitely, the best fish and chips with peas we have ever tasted!

We had a great time in the New Forest, but we didn't have enough time to take the ferry over to the Isle of Wight so we'll need to go back soon to do that. Maybe we'll see you there!

Adapted from *First News World Explorer* (March 2010)
Used with permission.

TEXT B

Text removed for copyright reasons

Text removed for copyright reasons

TEXT C

There are a million teenagers without jobs but they are our happiest age group

- 1 The Office for National Statistics has carried out a survey to measure young people's happiness. The average score out of 10 that 16 to 19-year-olds gave when asked how optimistic they felt about the next 12 months was 8.5.
- 5 2 The British Prime Minister, David Cameron, said that it was as essential to measure the country's happiness as to calculate the country's economy. He declared: "Happiness is about the beauty of our surroundings, the quality of our culture and, above all, it's about how we get on with other people".
- 10 3 The report by the Office for National Statistics says that 16 and 17-year-olds are "more satisfied" with life than any other age group. The report also says that teenagers are the most optimistic and the least anxious about the future.
- 15 4 Their optimism is surprising because youth unemployment is high and university tuition fees are increasing. Michaela Berciu, co-founder of the young people's charity CareActGive, said: "Although young people suffer the most from unemployment, the research shows Britain's young people to be a fundamentally optimistic group. On average, they rate their satisfaction higher than any other age group and the majority are optimistic about the next 12 months."
- 20 5 However, she warned that young people's happiness will not continue to constantly increase. "There are strong contrasts in Britain. The pressure to succeed at school or get a job when there are very few opportunities makes many young people concerned and anxious. The riots in London and other cities last year showed the deep frustrations felt by urban youth."

Adapted from James Hall, *The Daily Telegraph* (11 October 2012)
© Telegraph Media Group Limited 2012

TEXT D

Why live in a cohousing community?



History

Cohousing came to North America in 1988 from Denmark where it had started 25 years earlier. In North America 127 cohousing communities have been created since 1991 and another 118 are being built.

5 Why build cohousing communities?

Some people say that cohousing communities are like small towns where the best thing is everyone knows everyone else. Others say they are like a traditional village. Futurists call them a new response to the social, economic and environmental challenges of the 21st century. The world has changed dramatically in the last 50 years – women are more likely to have careers, resources are more limited and environmental concerns are increasing.

Cohousing offers the independence of private houses and also the advantages of living in a community where people know and interact with their neighbours and share resources.

What are cohousing communities?

Residents own their individual homes, which are built around a “common house”. In this shared building there may be a kitchen and dining room, children’s playroom, workshops, guest rooms, home office support, arts and crafts area, laundry and more. Each home has its own kitchen, but dinners prepared by residents are often available at the common house for those who wish to participate.

Cohousing residents participate in the planning and management of their community and meet frequently to discuss projects. Cohousing communities are environmentally sensitive: residents can go everywhere on foot. In each community there are 10–35 households with a mixture of generations. There are singles, families with children, couples and old people.

Why support cohousing communities?

Through cohousing, we can build a better place to live, a place where we know our neighbours, a place where we can enjoy a rich sense of community and contribute to a more sustainable world.

Adapted from www.cohousing.ca (December 2012). Used with permission.